

BIG ZINC MINE IS ABOUT TO BE SOLD

(From Wednesday's Daily.)
The Golconda mine, situated in the Cerbat range, sixteen miles north of Kingman, is reported to be about to pass into the hands of one of the big copper syndicates for a price said to be above one-half million dollars. The men negotiating for the property are the Amsters, which is the big operating company at Morenci, Arizona, and which a year or so ago looked over mines of this county to get a foothold for the purpose of extending their scheme of mining. Owing to the breaking of the copper market at the time the company was compelled to forego its expansion, but now that copper is coming on in the market and that the time appears ripe the company is prepared to fortify itself in one of the big mines of this part of the state.

Several years ago the Golconda was taken over by John Boyle and the first legitimate mining was undertaken at the property. Prior to that time a few shallow shafts had been sunk on the veins, but while some very good silver ore had been opened and extracted no effort was made to get below the change. As soon as Mr. Boyle assumed command of the property he equipped it with hoisting machinery and commenced a systematic development of the zinc vein of the group. At a depth of about 150 feet the big zinc ore body was encountered and from that day to this the mine has proven itself an immense producer. As soon as money began to flow into the treasury from ore sales Mr. Boyle took options on all the notable mining property surrounding his holdings and the estate of the company today is composed of some of the best mines in the district, every one showing big and distinct ore bodies. The Tub and Prosperity are among the biggest of the acquired veins and these have been opened to considerable depth, a drift having been carried through the Prosperity into the big ore bodies of the Golconda and showing great bodies of valuable ore almost the entire distance.

The Golconda shaft has reached the eighth level, about 720 feet from the shaft collar and drifts have been carried out into splendid ore bearing ground. From this level and the 500 level about 400 tons of ore weekly is going out to the smelters at Bartlesville, Oklahoma. Two self-dumping trucks carry the ore to the railroad, these machines being operated in three eight-hour shifts each day.

A concentrating plant to handle the lower grades of ore has been in operation at the mine the past two years and has turned out a wonderful tonnage of ore. When it is known that the ore shipments from this property carry values above 45 per cent zinc the reader will realize the wonderful value and possibilities of the mines, especially when it is taken in connection with the great length and width of the ore shoots. The shoots in places have a width of eleven feet of solid ore, while they run from 200 to 400 feet in length from the shaft. Below the Golconda is the Tub, which also has great bodies of ore, and while these bodies are much wider they fail to reach the same wonderful richness of ore as that borne by the Golconda. In places the Tub vein is 50 feet wide—Mohave County Miner.

HONESTY OF BANK GIVES HEIRS JUST DUES

(From Thursday's Daily.)
By the filing of a petition for letters of administration in the estate of the late John W. Webster, on the part of C. A. Peters, of the Bank of Arizona, through his attorney, H. T. Andrews, rather an interesting situation is brought to light.

John W. Webster, who some time ago left Prescott, which place he had called his home for a long time, died at Los Angeles last Oct. 20. When he left here he had \$999 in money deposited in the Bank of Arizona, apparently without the knowledge of any of his relatives, and so far as known, of any one else, save the bank itself. In fact no one seemed to know the whereabouts of any of his relatives, or whether he had any. After his death, however, the bank officials commenced to make inquiries, with the object of turning the money over to the heirs of Webster, if he had any. They recently ascertained that he had a sister, Mary J. Anderson, at Loyland, Iowa, one brother, Thomas G., at Topeka, Kansas, and another brother, William C., at Big Timber, Montana. None of these knew anything about the deposit, however, until informed by the bank, and as a result of the discovery Mr. Peters is desirous of administering the estate and distributing the cash among those to whom it belongs.

Deceased was 72 years old at the time of his death. While in this section he lived on what are known as Minnehaha Flats. He was well known in this city.

CITY EXPENSES \$83,691.89 FOR YEAR

(From Wednesday's Daily.)
City government in Prescott cost the people exactly \$83,691.89 for the year commencing February 1, 1914, and ending February 1, 1915. This was shown by the detailed and very comprehensive financial report of the city clerk read at the council meeting last Monday night, the recapitulation of which shows that there was on hand at the commencement of the year \$29,015.07, the receipts of the year from all sources amounting to \$95,589.92 and the disbursements to \$83,691.89, leaving a cash balance in the treasury of \$40,813.10.

SALARY ACCOUNT.

The total salaries paid to city officials and employees amounted to \$25,375.64, as follows:

Assessor	1,800.00
Recorder	900.00
Attorney	600.00
Clerk	900.00
Treasurer	600.00
City Surveying	993.80
Salaries Policemen	2,614.98
Health Officer	206.66
Driver fire wagon	1,200.00
Assistant	900.00
Guards and extra work at fires	35.00
Salaries election clerks	13.00
Scavengers	1,781.26
Drivers on road work	2,104.37
Supt. streets	1,200.00
Chief of police	1,500.00
City engineer	187.50
Foreman water dept. and helpers	6,393.13
Inspector weights and measures	900.00
Total	\$25,375.64

Other items of interest with reference to expenditures, and which show where the bulk of the city money goes are as follows:

Rent of offices	155.00
Donations to charity	10.00
Miscellaneous supplies	10,000.00
Postage stamps	101.00
Expense making assessment roll	400.00
Lights, fuel and stationery	263.00
Supplies fire department	270.30
Hay and grain	339.20
Interest on debt	21,481.70
Hay and grain for garbage teams	654.31
Purchase team of horses	400.00
Repairs on wagons	307.00
Hay and grain street teams	1,006.70
Street crossings and labor, etc.	3,988.50
Street lights	3,566.10
Meals for prisoners	233.60
Donations to library	516.60
Repairs to buildings	114.10
City printing	966.60
Water dept. supplies	1,159.00
Electricity for water dept.	6,466.70
Electricity to another co.	2,429.60
Street grading	1,874.90
Curbs and gutters	1,822.40
Force account	273.00
Frontier day contribution	500.00
Fair contribution	500.00
Typewriting ordinances	142.00

Items of Receipts.

The largest items in the receipts are as follows:	
Water collections	\$32,249.40
Licenses	12,190.50
Back Taxes	1,597.00
Delinquent Penalties	1,358.00
1914 Taxes	36,462.60
Alarcon street improvement	358.40
Willis street improvement	175.20
Marina street improvement	44.20
Mr. Vernon street improvement	7,076.00
Rent on Del Rio Ranch	300.00
Rent on Duke Ranch	300.00
Rent on Dam Site	1.00
Property Sales	16.50
Two Horses Electrocutted	425.00
Taps and Meters	892.60
Fines (Recorders Court)	2,123.00
Dog Tax	306.00
Impounded Stock	3.20
Interest on Daily Balances	292.60
Testing Weights and Measures	108.00

ANOTHER YELLOW BO. NANZA FOR MOHAVE

(From Wednesday's Daily.)
Interested parties in Prescott were advised by telegrams yesterday from Kingman, of a strike that had been made by the Frisco Gold Mines Co., that exceeded expectations of the most sanguine, and which was said to be one of the biggest ever known in the state.

The rich ore body was struck on the dip at the bottom of the shaft, 200 feet deep, and as opened up was fully five feet wide, giving average values of over \$100 per ton in gold. Strata were in evidence that showed \$700 per ton. The shaft was being vertically sunk and the cutting into of the ore body was not anticipated until great depth had been reached.

This company has been operating in that field for over four years, performing a large amount of systematic prospecting at different localities, until recent months, when efforts were directed at the point named, where development was finally concentrated for extensive exploration. The Frisco holdings are situated about twenty-two miles west of Kingman, in Union Pass, and near the thirty camps of the Tom Reed and Gold Roads.

A peculiar coincidence attached to this discovery, is that where the shaft had been sunk, the old wagon road from Prescott to Hardyville, runs to within a few feet, and where had been slumbering for many years another bonanza for Mohave county. O. D. M. Gaddis, well known in Prescott, is among the fortunate ones interested.

INITIATIVE LAW IN NEED OF FIXING

PHOENIX, Feb. 3.—Amendment of the election laws to prevent fraud reduction of fees charged by the state for public service, and the general distribution of new laws in printed form to the people of the state are recommended by Secretary of State Sidney P. Osborn in his annual report to the governor.

Under the existing law providing for signatures to petitions for initiative and referendum measures, Secretary Osborn states that it is impossible to ascertain whether or not the signers are qualified electors or have any right to sign the petition. Because of this, fraud could be easily practiced and if practiced would be practically impossible to detect. Any qualified voter has the right to sign an initiative, referendum or recall petition and as the statutes do not require registration in order that a person may be a qualified elector it is impossible to check the signatures to petitions.

That the charges prescribed by law for the copying of laws and performing other services is entirely too high and in some cases exorbitant is the statement of the secretary of state, who would reduce the fees so as to cover the actual cost and nothing more. Excessive fees, the report says, result in a loss of revenue to the state, because they prevent a large number from obtaining copies of the laws which would otherwise do so.

Newly enacted laws, the report demands, should be printed for general distribution and would be of great practical benefit.

Initiated measures

That the initiated measures were expensive as well as numerous at the last election and bid fair to become even more so is shown in the report. In 1912 the publicity pamphlet contained only 37 pages and was mailed to only some 30,000 persons at a cost of a little over \$2,200. Last year, however, nineteen propositions were submitted and the publicity pamphlet contained 116 pages. It was printed and mailed to 70,181 persons at a total cost of \$6,332.41, the postage alone amounting to \$1,950. At the general election to be held in November, 1916, the number of signatures required to insure the submission of a proposition under the initiative and referendum or recall will be more than double what it was in 1914 and will be as follows: Constitutional amendment, 7,500; statutes, 5,101; referendum, 2,551.

Governor Commutes Many.

The records of the secretary of state shows that Governor Hunt has granted 105 commutations of sentence, five full and unconditional pardons, 20 restorations to citizenship, and has issued five proclamations of reprieve. In addition, fourteen holidays and other proclamations were issued, 19 appointments made and 223 notarial commissions issued. The receipts from this item alone the past year amounted to \$557.57.

READY TO WORK BIG ORE DUMP AT SARATOGA

(From Thursday's Daily.)
O. W. Blickenstaff arrived from his mining camp in Copper Basin yesterday, and leaves for Crown King next week, to resume treating the big lump of the Saratoga mines, in which proposition Henry Braun is associated.

This firm installed a mill several months ago, and made several tests that proved remunerative. The dump is estimated at 125,000 tons, and the values are gold solely. This product was given several years ago when the property was active, since which time development was suspended owing to the death of the principal owner.

Mr. Blickenstaff says that it is quite probable a considerable tonnage will be treated at the new dump being constructed nearby, but so far as his firm is to be considered a summer run is ahead, and the full capacity of their own plant will be taken up. They are said to be operating under a royalty basis. Litigation is pending in the Superior court affecting the ownership of the mine, and when settled it is reported operations will be resumed.

NEARBY PLACERS.

(From Friday's Daily.)
Alex Goodman and James Barth were in the city yesterday from near the Last Chance mine to the west of the city about six miles, and brought in three ounces of gold dust, the returns of six days' panning. They were at work in a ravine within 100 yards of the track of the S. F. P. & P. railroad.

GOOD NEWS FOR MOTORISTS.

(From Friday's Daily.)
The Standard Oil Company has announced a reduction of one cent per gallon in the price of gasoline throughout Arizona, effective at once. It is understood that this reduction will be permanent. The wholesale price in Los Angeles is now 8½ cents.

MRS. CHALONER IS GRANTED DIVORCE

(From Thursday's Daily.)
Mrs. Minnie A. Chaloner, of Jerome, was yesterday granted a divorce from her husband, Frank J. Chaloner, having established by her own evidence and that of Mrs. A. Turner the allegations of non-support and desertion contained in the complaint. The complaint alleged that the couple were married in Salt Lake City, Utah, October 3, 1904, and that the husband deserted her June 4, 1912, at Jerome, Arizona, not having supported her for three years prior to the filing of the complaint, "because of idleness, although having the ability to do." The defendant did not appear. C. H. Rutherford was attorney for the plaintiff. Mrs. Chaloner is a trained nurse and a much respected woman in the community in which she lives.

Water Case.

In the water right case filed in the Superior court last June by D. W. Thomas against George Freyda, Joseph Taylor, James Cullm, Dell Davis, Tom Powers, O. S. Caywood, L. O. Davenport and George Whitaker a motion was made by J. E. Russell yesterday that the estate of Dion Miller be substituted as party defendant in place of L. O. Davenport and O. S. Caywood, which was granted by Judge Smith, further hearing in the case being continued without date. The original complaint in this case was amended on October 14th. It is charged that the defendants are diverting the waters of Big Bug creek improperly and unlawfully to the detriment of the plaintiff, and the prayer is that they be compelled to establish their rights to the use of the water. A number of law points are involved, and Judge Smith has been laboring for some time to have the parties to the suit to come to some kind of compromise.

Suit Dismissed.

The tax suit entitled State vs. R. T. and O. T. Brown was dismissed on motion of Assistant County Attorney J. H. Morgan, the plaintiff to pay the costs.

In the case of Swanfelt Tent and Awning Company vs. T. C. Snider, the court dismissed the action on motion of the attorney for the plaintiff.

An order was entered in the case of Felipe et al vs. Margaret et al that the plaintiff must give security for the costs in the sum of \$150. The plaintiff was allowed until next March in which to file bond.

SHIPMAN COMES TO REVIVE THE REDMAN

(From Wednesday's Daily.)
"Arrangements are being closed up by which the Redman Stockholders Corporation is preparing to resume operations in Chaparral," said C. R. Shipman, who arrived yesterday from Oregon, en route to his home in New York City. Later in the day he was joined here by his superintendent, M. N. Andrews, who arrived from the camp near Humboldt, for consultation along the lines agreed upon to resume.

Mr. Shipman has been a frequent visitor to this city in past years, and is one of the original shareholders of a large block of the stock. He also stated that after his arrival in New York, the only matter requiring immediate attention to go ahead, is the filling of vacancies in the board of directors, which action is made imperative by the by-laws of the company, as the president has passed away in recent months.

The visitor is quite optimistic over the outlook of the Redman, since its affairs have passed into a re-organized state. The camp buildings are being placed in good condition, and permanent operations are assured when once again development begins. Mr. Shipman is quite optimistic over mining investments in the east, and after his camp is revived will be a visitor.

START SHIPPING FROM LITTLE DAISY

(From Thursday's Daily.)
The many shareholders in Prescott of the United Verde Extension Mining Co., which is more familiarly known as the Little Daisy, will be very much interested to learn that the property has entered the shipping class.

This important information was learned yesterday from official sources, and it is quite probable this system will prevail without interruption. The product comes from the zone determined in the crosscut driven from the 1,200-foot level, where an ore body fully thirty feet thick was exposed some months ago, and from which condition the property sprang into a rating that gives it all the earmarks of another copper bonanza. The product is going to the smelter of the United Verde, and the sacking of ore has commenced.

As this section of the mine is producing, the driving of the levels from the 1,400 also goes ahead energetically, and will be continued until the ore body is penetrated. The general situation at the camp is reported as gratifying, and mining men state only further development is necessary to prove another big mine for that belt.

SMALL BOY NIPS BUSHEL FUN IN THE BUD

(From Thursday's Daily.)
A small boy yesterday was the author of one of the most expeditious arrests that has ever been made by a sheriff in Yavapai county, and which resulted in landing a man in jail charged with having sold a pint of Old John Barleycorn to an Indian, and cheating poor Lo out of even the first drink of the expensive "fire water."

About noon the small son of Mrs. Ham rushed into the sheriff's office all out of breath and told the officers he just saw a man hand an Indian a bottle of booze on the corner of Montezuma and Goodwin streets. Hat on in an instant, the sheriff was on the spot and arrested a well known character named Jack Cahill, together with an Indian named Henry Wilson, also familiarly known about town. Searched as soon as they were taken to the office, one pint of booze was found in the pocket of the Indian and another pint in possession of Cahill. The Indian had not had time to even remove the cork of the bottle for which he is said to have paid one dollar. Cahill was locked up for reference to the United States grand jury, and the Indian given his liberty, after promising to appear as a witness in the case when called. This is the second alleged offense of selling booze to Indians on the part of Cahill which means a stiff sentence if he is found guilty.

BIG OPERATIONS PLANNED FOR BELCHER

(From Wednesday's Daily.)
W. W. Lewis, manager of the Great Belcher mines on Big Bug creek, arrived from the camp yesterday and reported plans were being formulated for carrying out a large line of work that will be inaugurated during the present month. The face of the mountain on the south side of the Belcher will be practically quarried away, he states, this method being decided upon as the outcome of shipments made to Humboldt smelters, that gave satisfactory net returns.

No further shipping, however, will take place, Mr. Lewis stating that the company is financed to avoid additional expense of handling the output and will let it remain on the dump. Another interesting matter he mentioned as quite probable, in operations to go ahead from the Europa side of the range, and where surface indications were proved as quite attractive, for outlaying additional capital. Weather conditions to begin work at once are unfavorable, snow being deep at the point selected.

NO MORE DELAYS IN BUILDING BIG DAM

(From Friday's Daily.)
High water again taking place on Granite creek Tuesday afternoon has occasioned a change to be made in future plans of construction of the dam of the "Hassayampa" Alfalfa Farms Co., was the announcement made yesterday by Chief Engineer Cookinham. It is now deemed impossible to go ahead with the work, until all machinery is placed at an elevation to preclude flood waters again submerging certain sites. Accordingly the hoist house will be removed in a few days to a point fifteen feet higher up, as well will a new wagon road be built on practically the same elevation, and a bridge constructed over Granite creek. Under this arrangement no future trouble is to be expected from high water.

It is believed that dam building will resume next Wednesday, and before March 1 the structure will be ready to accommodate any volume of water. Yesterday forenoon the eight foot opening was still carrying off the accumulated flood waters, which showed a depth of over ten feet. The creek is receding, cold weather in the mountains to the south preventing the snow from melting.

While data of the flow during the two storms has not as yet been compiled, it is estimated, however, that fully 7,000 acre feet passed in and out of the dam, enough in short to have filled the lake to its full storage capacity. Several from this city yesterday visited the site, and were amazed to see such a large body of water still in existence.

GIFTS SPURNED.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 4.—The Christmas gifts of Americans were declined by the war committee of Swickau, according to the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger, because they say American neutrality is hypocritical since supplies, arms and ammunition are being sent to Germany's enemies.

SMALL MINING DEAL.

(From Friday's Daily.)
Tony Olson of Jerome Junction, has sold to Robert Pack of Jerome, a one-quarter interest in the Three Metals mining group in Mineral Point district.

COMMERCIAL IS PREPARING TO RESUME

(From Thursday's Daily.)
It will be learned with very much satisfaction in this community, as well as throughout the mining sections of the county, that the Commercial mines in Copper Basin are to resume in a short time.

Major A. J. Pickrell, in charge of the affairs of the syndicate in this county, made announcement yesterday to this effect, and while giving no specific date for reviving the camp stated that as soon as wagon road conditions would permit of freighting to Skull valley, development would begin. He also stated that under the same conditions the Snoozer of the Senator group would go into the shipping class again with its copper ores, the railroad loading point being this city. Both products are to be shipped to Douglas smelters of the Copper Queen.

Speaking of the outlook in Copper Basin, Major Pickrell was somewhat sanguine of conditions prevailing, saying that a large tonnage had been exposed when work suspended several months ago. Large ore bodies were determined in the crosscut driven into virgin ground, that ranged to as high as seventeen per cent, when the crash came to copper throughout the state, and the Commercial with many others went out. A short time afterward engineers of the Copper Queen gave the Commercial holdings a critical investigation, cutting over 500 samples to ascertain absolute mineral conditions, presumably for making analytical tests for installing a leaching plant, a move that was reported to be under consideration.

Major Pickrell also stated yesterday that ores of eight to ten per cent will be shipped south. Geo. C. Ruffner again has the contract for the freighting, and will deliver fifty tons per day to the railroad at Skull valley.

NIGHT PROWLER SEEN IN MANY PLACES

(From Saturday's Daily.)
Indications are that Prescott is at present infested with one or more residence thieves. The recent robbery of the home of Robert Keating followed by the attempt to enter the home of Ed Stephens, and reports of suspicious night prowlers in various parts of the city at unseemly hours bear out this theory.

The latest evidence that some one or more persons are guilty of the depredations so far perpetrated, and are looking for further opportunities to plunder was the discovery of a man on North Alarcon street during the early part of Thursday night. A woman who lives in that section of the city had been on an errand to a neighbor's house across the street and when she started to return home about nine o'clock, she saw a man come out of the gate of her home where she had left the children alone. He spoke to her two or three times, frightening her into a run. She reported the incident and a neighboring man immediately got busy, soon thereafter seeing the strange figure of a man enter the front gate of the home of Supervisor Henry Suder. At first he thought it might be Mr. Suder himself, but later saw the fellow skulking about the windows as though he was bent on some kind of mischief. However, the mysterious character soon left this place and entered another nearby yard.

Here is an apparent opportunity for the four men who are on the beat as policemen to make a mark for themselves.

NO MORE LONG WAITS AT ASH FORK

(From Saturday's Daily.)
Quicker connections at Ash Fork are provided by the new time schedule which will go into effect tomorrow on the main line of the Santa Fe. These will be appreciated by people who have business to transact at Seligman or Kingman and the new service will place the people of those towns in close touch with Prescott. For several years the traveler going west from Ash Fork has been obliged to wait there from six to eight hours. Under the new schedule these waits have been cut down several hours.

No. 21, a new train from New Orleans and Chicago to Los Angeles, and San Francisco, will arrive in Ash Fork at 5:05 a. m. enabling passengers to reach Seligman and Kingman in the morning.

No. 7, west bound, will reach Ash Fork at 10:05 p. m. where a sleeping car will be open for occupancy for those coming south on the S. F. P. & P.

No. 3, the California Limited, west bound, will arrive at Ash Fork at 11:15 p. m. instead of 11:40 p. m.

No. 22, east bound, a new through train to New Orleans and Chicago will arrive at Ash Fork at 11:15 a. m. This train will run via Belen, N. M., Houston, Texas, giving passengers through service to southern Texas and Louisiana points.

15 NEW CITIZENS IN YAVAPAI COUNTY

(From Friday's Daily.)
Fifteen of the class of eighteen foreigners who took the examination for certificates of citizenship yesterday in open court before Frederick Jones, special examiner for the bureau of immigration at Los Angeles, passed, two were dismissed and one case continued.

The examinations came after a lecture the preceding evening by Judge Smith in his chambers on matters pertaining to citizenship, which was attended by all the applicants, the special examiner and clerk of the Superior court, who is the naturalization officer in charge at this place.

Examiner Jones, who was able to leave for Los Angeles on the yesterday afternoon train, paid a compliment to the court and P. J. Farley, stating that the class was one of the best he had ever examined.

Those who passed were:

From Great Britain—Evan Davies, Wren T. Herdman, Geo. Henry Martin, Timothy O'Brien, Allen John Richardson, John Stephen Riordan, John Daniel Sullivan.

From Belgium—Louis Coppens.

From Germany—Herman Boehm.

From Italy—John Santago, Peters Vallo.

From Austria—Joseph Dragash, Tony Puch.

From Russia—Apolinary Faldowski.

Anton Kauzarich and Peter Eckberg, the former from Austria and the latter from Sweden, were dismissed, the first having went back to Austria since he filed his first papers and served in the army three years, and the second having as one of his witnesses a man who had been in Oregon two years of the time during which he was supposed to have constantly known the applicant, both reasons being sufficient grounds upon which to withhold citizenship certificates. The case of John Kempatic, an Austrian, was continued to next March to give him more time in which to familiarize himself with the civil government of the United States. As soon as his case was dismissed, Anton Kauzarich filed first papers on another trial, saying he was determined to pass the next time.

One of the peculiar incidents of the examination was a German, R. J. Bleck, appearing as a witness for the Belgian, Louis Coppens.

When asked who was the presiding officer of the house of representatives, Herman Boehm, scratching his head a moment said, "I just can't think, but I know he is from Missouri." And he was credited with a good answer.

The oath which the men were required to take reads as follows: "I hereby declare, on oath, that I absolutely and entirely renounce and abjure all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state, or sovereignty, and particularly to that of whom I have heretofore been a subject; that I will support and defend the constitution and laws of the United States of America against all enemies, foreign and domestic; and that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same. So help me God."

It was really remarkable to hear the applicants answer the questions that were propounded, including subjects upon which the average American is not as well posted as they proved to be. In fact it is extremely doubtful if one man out of ten in the business and professional life of the United States could pass the examination these men passed yesterday.

IMPORTANT WORK COMPLETED AT Y. P. MINES

(From Friday's Daily.)
The sinking of the winze from the Cash of the Y. P. holdings into the Snoozer of the Senator group owned by the Commercial Co., an exploration movement that had been under way for several months was accomplished during the present week, was the statement made yesterday by N. H. Getchell, general manager.

This development was undertaken to determine the resources of the Cash, and to afford as well a base for future operations in a zone that was well defined in known ore bodies. The Snoozer attaining prominent rating in months gone as a shipper, stimulated this exploration that absolute mineral conditions might be established. The winze was sunk for 190 feet before the initial point was reached.

Getchell stated yesterday that mineral characteristics of the Cash are identical to that of its neighbor, the Snoozer, and henceforth large development is to go ahead. The ore carries copper and gold values, the red metal predominating, and of a good grade. Production will begin at once. The mill is to be started up in a short time, and from the heavy tonnage exposed and to be opened up, the plant has months of work ahead to treat the heavy output.